

इंटरनेट

मानक

Disclosure to Promote the Right To Information

Whereas the Parliament of India has set out to provide a practical regime of right to information for citizens to secure access to information under the control of public authorities, in order to promote transparency and accountability in the working of every public authority, and whereas the attached publication of the Bureau of Indian Standards is of particular interest to the public, particularly disadvantaged communities and those engaged in the pursuit of education and knowledge, the attached public safety standard is made available to promote the timely dissemination of this information in an accurate manner to the public.

“जानने का अधिकार, जीने का अधिकार”

Mazdoor Kisan Shakti Sangathan

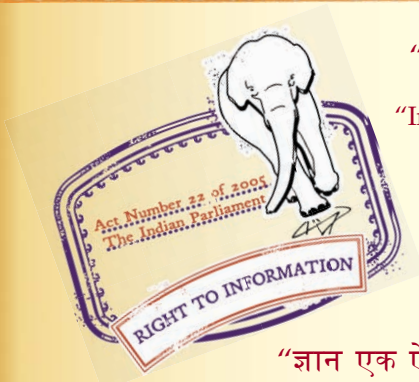
“The Right to Information, The Right to Live”

“पुराने को छोड़ नये के तरफ”

Jawaharlal Nehru

“Step Out From the Old to the New”

IS 9000-27 (1986): Basic environmental testing procedures for electronic and electrical items, Part 27: Ultrasonic cleaning test [LITD 1: Environmental Testing Procedure]



“ज्ञान से एक नये भारत का निर्माण”

Satyanarayan Gangaram Pitroda

“Invent a New India Using Knowledge”



“ज्ञान एक ऐसा खजाना है जो कभी चुराया नहीं जा सकता है”

Bhartrhari—Nitiśatakam

“Knowledge is such a treasure which cannot be stolen”

BLANK PAGE



IS : 9000 (Part 27) - 1986

Indian Standard

**BASIC ENVIRONMENTAL TESTING
PROCEDURES FOR ELECTRONIC AND
ELECTRICAL ITEMS**

PART 27 ULTRASONIC CLEANING TEST

UDC 621.38.038 + 621.31 : 620.179.16 : 621.022.6



© Copyright 1986

INDIAN STANDARDS INSTITUTION

MANAK BHAVAN, 9 BAHADUR SHAH ZAFAR MARG
NEW DELHI 110002

Indian Standard

BASIC ENVIRONMENTAL TESTING PROCEDURES FOR ELECTRONIC AND ELECTRICAL ITEMS

PART 27 ULTRASONIC CLEANING TEST

Environmental Testing Procedures Sectional Committee, LTDC 2

Chairman

DR R. P. WADHWA

Representing

Department of Electronics, New Delhi

Members

SHRI B. BHANOT

Directorate General of Technical Development,
New DelhiSHRI G. L. KESHWANI (*Alternate*)

DR P. K. DUTTA

Peico Electronics & Electricals Ltd, Bombay

SHRI S. P. CHOKKALINGAM (*Alternate*)

SHRI G. R. GHOSH

Society of Environmental Engineers, Bangalore

SHRI T. C. GOSALIA

National Radio & Electronics Co Ltd, Bombay

SHRI N. GHOSH (*Alternate*)

SHRI A. P. GUPTA

Instrumentation Ltd, Kota

JOINT DIRECTOR STANDARDS

Research, Designs & Standards Organization,

(S & T)/TESTS, RDSO

Ministry of Railways, Lucknow

JOINT DIRECTOR STANDARDS

(S & T)/LAB, RDSO (*Alternate*)

SHRI C. KRISHNAMURTHY

Bharat Electronics Ltd, Bangalore

SHRI D. S. GOPALAKRISHNAN (*Alternate*)

SHRI S. P. KULKARNI

Radio Electronic & Television Manufacturers'
Association, BombayDR P. K. DUTTA (*Alternate*)

BRIG R. K. MEHRA

Ministry of Defence (DGI), Bangalore

SHRI K. V. RAMAMURTHY (*Alternate*)

GP-CAPT A. B. MEHTA

Electronics Corporation of India Ltd, Hyderabad

SHRI T. D. VEERVANI (*Alternate*)

SHRI H. V. MEHTA

Department of Communications, New Delhi

SHRI T. S. VASUDEVAN (*Alternate*)

SHRI K. R. ANANDAKUMARAN

Lucas-TVS Ltd, Madras

NAIR

SHRI C. S. KRISHNAMOORTHY (*Alternate*)

SHRI D. V. PETKAR

Bhabha Atomic Research Centre, Trombay,
BombaySHRI JAGDISH LAL (*Alternate*)(*Continued on page 2*)

© Copyright 1986

INDIAN STANDARDS INSTITUTION

This publication is protected under the *Indian Copyright Act* (XIV of 1957) and reproduction in whole or in part by any means except with written permission of the publisher shall be deemed to be an infringement of copyright under the said Act.

IS : 9000 (Part 27) - 1986

(Continued from page 1)

<i>Members</i>	<i>Representing</i>
SHRI J. S. RAJU	Electronics Regional Test Laboratory (North), New Delhi
SHRI K. C. CHHABRA (<i>Alternate</i>)	
SHRI P. V. RAO	Indian Telephone Industries Ltd, Bangalore
SHRI LAKSHMINARAYANA (<i>Alternate</i>)	
SHRI P. K. SAMA	Bharat Heavy Electricals Ltd, Bhopal
DR O. P. CHHABRA (<i>Alternate I</i>)	
SHRI B. K. MAHAJAN (<i>Alternate II</i>)	
SHRI R. N. SHARMA	Directorate of Technical Development & Production (Air), Ministry of Defence
SQN-LDR K. N. SAMPATH KUMAR (<i>Alternate</i>)	
SHRI GHASITA SINGH	Central Electronics Engineering Research Institute (CSIR), Pilani
SHRI K. N. TIWARI	Ministry of Defence (LCSO), Bangalore
SHRI P. K. JAIN (<i>Alternate</i>)	
SHRI H. C. VERMA	All India Instrument Manufacturers' & Dealers' Association, Bombay
DEPUTY SECRETARY, IMDA (<i>Alternate</i>)	
SHRI N. SRINIVASULU	Director General, ISI (<i>Ex-officio Member</i>)
Director (Electronics)	

Secretary

SHRI HARCHARAN SINGH
Joint Director (Electronics), ISI

Panel for Miscellaneous Tests, LTDC 2 : P9

Convener

*SHRI D. S. GOPALAKRISHNAN Bharat Electronics Ltd, Bangalore

Members

SHRI K. C. CHHABRA	Electronics Regional Test Laboratory (North), New Delhi
SHRI C. L. KAUL (<i>Alternate</i>)	
DR P. K. DUTTA	Peico Electronics & Electricals Ltd, Bombay
SHRI S. P. CHOKKALINGAM (<i>Alternate</i>)	
CDR V. A. GOKHALE	Naval Headquarters, Ministry of Defence
SHRI JAGDISH LAL	Bhabha Atomic Research Centre, Bombay
SHRI P. K. JAIN	Ministry of Defence (R & D), Bangalore
SHRI G. S. PAI (<i>Alternate</i>)	
LT-COL S. KEWALRAMANI	Ministry of Defence (DGI), Bangalore
SHRI C. M. BHATT (<i>Alternate</i>)	
SHRI C. RANGANATHAN	Lucas-TVS Ltd, Madras
SHRI P. V. RAO	Indian Telephone Industries Ltd, Bangalore
SHRI LAKSHMINARAYANA (<i>Alternate</i>)	
SHRI T. D. VEERAVANI	Electronics Corporation of India Ltd, Hyderabad

*For the meeting in which this standard was recommended for finalization.

Indian Standard

BASIC ENVIRONMENTAL TESTING PROCEDURES FOR ELECTRONIC AND ELECTRICAL ITEMS

PART 27 ULTRASONIC CLEANING TEST

0. FOREWORD

0.1 This Indian Standard (Part 27) was adopted by the Indian Standards Institution on 27 June 1986, after the draft finalized by the Environmental Testing Procedures Sectional Committee had been approved by the Electronics and Telecommunication Division Council.

0.2 The differences in environmental testing procedures for component type items and equipment type items are fast disappearing in context of technological developments. It is, therefore, felt necessary to have uniform testing procedures wherever possible. This series of standards on environmental testing procedures (IS : 9000) has been prepared with this objective. This is also in line with the principle adopted by IEC/ TC 50 Environmental testing in developing unified series of standards on environmental testing procedures by International Electrotechnical Commission.

0.3 This standard (Part 27) covers the test procedure for ultrasonic cleaning of electronic and electrical items. The guidance details for ultrasonic cleaning are covered in IS : 9001 (Part 18)-1986*.

0.4 This standard is based on IEC Pub 653(1979) 'General considerations on ultrasonic cleaning', issued by the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC).

0.5 In reporting the result of a test made in accordance with this standard, if the final value, observed or calculated, is to rounded off, it shall be done in accordance with IS : 2-1960†.

*Guidance for environmental testing: Part 18 Ultrasonic cleaning test.

†Rules for rounding off numerical values (revised).

1. SCOPE

1.1 This standard (Part 27) covers the procedure for application of ultrasonic cleaning exposure test on electronic and electrical items as a part of the basic environmental testing procedures.

2. TERMINOLOGY

2.1 For the purpose of this standard, the definitions and explanation of terms given in IS : 9000 (Part 1)-1977* shall apply.

3. OBJECT

3.1 The object of this test is to determine the ability of components and equipment to withstand the effects of ultrasonic cleaning under specified conditions.

4. GENERAL

4.1 Range of Application

- a) Components which are to be ultrasonically cleaned when assembled in equipment, or in printed wiring or circuit boards—before and after soldering.
- b) Equipment and sub-units which are to be cleaned during repair work.

4.2 Conditions for Testing

4.2.1 *Ultrasonic System*

- a) Frequency : 25 kHz or 40 kHz
- b) Range of output power : 10 to 30 W/l
from generator
- c) Type of modulation (where : 100 Hz or 120 Hz
required), full-wave at
- d) Type of transducer : PZT (lead zirconate titanate)
- e) Position of transducers : Distributed on bottom of tank
- f) Preferred size of tank : Length — 250 mm
(approximate dimensions) Width — 200 mm
Depth — 180 mm

4.2.1.1 The tank shall have a provision to maintain the required temperature (*see 5.1.4*).

*Basic environmental testing procedures for electronic and electrical items: Part 1 General.

4.2.2 Mounting of Items

4.2.2.1 Components — The electronic components under test shall be mounted on a printed wiring or circuit board or held individually in the liquid by suitable means, for example, by clips as prescribed by the relevant specification.

4.2.2.2 Equipment — The method of mounting shall be prescribed in the relevant specification.

5. SEVERITIES

5.1 The severities as indicated by frequency, output power, testing liquid and other data shall be specified in the relevant specification.

Values of other data shall be selected from those given in **5.1.1** to **5.1.4**.

5.1.1 Frequencies — The test shall be carried out at one or both of the following frequencies:

a) 25 ± 4 kHz

b) $40 \pm \frac{8}{4}$ kHz

However, 40 kHz is the preferred frequency.

5.1.2 Duration — 5 min.

5.1.3 Immersion — Complete.

5.1.4 Testing Liquids — Two preferred liquids are specified for this test:

a) De-ionized water at $50 \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$; and

b) A solvent, 1,1,2-trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane* at $30 \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$.

For other liquids, suitable tests are to be agreed between the user and the manufacturer.

6. INITIAL MEASUREMENTS

6.1 The item shall be visually inspected and electrically and mechanically checked as prescribed in the relevant specification.

7. CONDITIONING

7.1 Positioning of the Item in the Tank — The item shall be completely immersed in the liquid. The liquid shall be at the specified temperature. The preferred height of the item above the bottom of the tank should be a half-wavelength or multiples of it, that is, situated

*Known for instance, as Freon TF or Arklone P.

in an antinode. This is recommended especially for small items, the disturbing effect of which on the spreading of the sound pressure can be neglected.

The total liquid depth shall be a multiple of a half-wavelength under the test conditions specified. Where components are mounted on a printed circuit or other assemblies, they shall face the radiating surface of the transducer.

7.2 Degassing — Before beginning the test, the liquid shall be degassed by switching the ultrasonic power on for 30 min. The temperature indicated in **5.1.4** shall not be exceeded.

7.3 Exposure — The items shall be exposed to ultrasonic power for a period of 5 min, unless otherwise prescribed in the relevant specification. The temperature specified in **5.1.4** shall be maintained during the test. When testing in a solvent, before removal from the tank, they shall be left in the vapour above the liquid for 30 s.

8. RECOVERY

8.1 At the end of this period, the item shall be stored at standard atmospheric conditions for testing for a period adequate for attaining the temperature stability and drying.

NOTE — In order to allow all residues of water or solvent to escape, the item may be left for 30 min at $55 \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ (assisted drying) before being stored for recovery.

9. FINAL MEASUREMENTS

9.1 The item shall be visually inspected and electrically and mechanically checked as prescribed in the relevant specification.

10. INFORMATION TO BE GIVEN IN THE RELEVANT SPECIFICATION

10.1 When this test is included in the relevant specification, the following details shall be given as far as they are applicable:

- a) Mounting of items in the tank (**4.2.2**),
- b) Initial measurements (**6**),
- c) Severities:
 - 1) Frequency [**4.2.1(a)**],
 - 2) Output power [**4.2.1(b)**],
 - 3) Modulation [**4.2.1(c)**],
 - 4) Testing liquid (**5.1.4**), and
- d) Final measurements (**9**).